



Piezo Buzzer Module

ARD2-3033

- Perfect for DIY alarm or doorbell projects
- Buzzer has internal drive circuit

Description

This buzzer module can be used to build alarm/doorbell DIY circuits. It's useful whenever you need audio feedback in a project.

| Specifications | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|
| Colour | Black |
| Material | PCB |
| Voltage | 5.0VDC |
| Operating Range | 3.0-8.0VDC (20mA @ 5VDC) |
| Frequency | 2.3kHz @ 5VDC |

| Pinout | | | |
|--------|---------|--------------------------|--|
| Module | Arduino | Function | |
| IN | D8 | Signal via Arduino Board | |
| GND | Ground | Ground Connection | |
| VCC | 5V | Power Supply | |

Test Code

```
int speakerPin = 8 ;/ / control horn pin
int potPin = 4 ;/ / control pin adjustable resistor
int value = 0;
void setup () {
pinMode (speakerPin, OUTPUT);
}
void loop () {
value = analogRead (potPin); //reading resistor values pin
digitalWrite (speakerPin, HIGH);
delay (value); //adjust the speaker sound of the time;
digitalWrite (speakerPin, LOW);
delay (value); //adjust the speaker does not ring a time;
}
```













ARD 2 Arduino Compatibles Controllers, Shields, Modules & Sensors

Here we use the delay adjustment potentiometer to achieve the effect of different times, thus changing the buzzer's frequency. Here we added a key switch to control the buzzer, so that we can simulate a simple doorbell. When you press the key, the speaker can make any noise. Physical connections are as follows:

Test Code 2

```
const int buttonPin = 4; / / button pin;
const int speakerPin = 8; / / buzzer pin;
/ / Variables will change:
int buttonState = 0; / / read the key pin a value
void setup ()
// Set button pin to input mode, the buzzer pin output mode;
pinMode (speakerPin, OUTPUT);
pinMode (buttonPin, INPUT);
void loop () {
/ / Read the key one initial value, where I took in the circuit is in the
default high, the initial value is high;
buttonState = digitalRead (buttonPin);
/ * If the key is high, then the buzzer did not ring; Because I just began to
take in the hardware circuit initial value is high, so the if condition is
true, the buzzer does not sound
if (buttonState == HIGH) {
digitalWrite (speakerPin, LOW);
else {
/ / This button is low (also the key is pressed); buzzer sounded
digitalWrite (speakerPin, HIGH);
```